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increase authorized by this section shall be held and considered for the purposes of section 208(b) of the Act of September 1, 1954, to constitute a part of the existing rate of pay of the employee.

(b) Rates of basic pay authorized under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code, paid to an employee subject to the General Schedule shall be adjusted by reason of a pay adjustment under 5 U.S.C. 5303 in accordance with §530.307 of this part.

[45 FR 65498, Oct. 1980, as amended at 50 FR 35499, Aug. 30, 1985; 57 FR 2432, Jan. 22, 1992; 58 FR 65536, Dec. 15, 1993; 59 FR 11700, Mar. 14, 1994; 59 FR 40793, Aug. 10, 1994]

§531.206 Setting pay upon movement from nonappropriated fund instrumentalities.

(a) Unless the employee is eligible to receive a higher rate of basic pay under §531.203(c) of this part, the initial rate of basic pay under the General Schedule of an employee of the Department of Defense or the Coast Guard who moves voluntarily, without a break in service of more than 3 days, from a position in a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the Department of Defense or the Coast Guard, respectively, may be set at any rate within the grade of the General Schedule position that does not exceed the highest previous rate of basic pay received by the employee during his or her service in a position in a nonappropriated fund instrumentality, as described in 5 U.S.C. 2105(c).

(b) Unless the employee is eligible to receive a higher rate of basic pay under paragraph (c) of this section, the initial rate of basic pay under the General Schedule of an employee of the Department of Defense or the Coast Guard who is moved involuntarily, without a break in service of more than 3 days, from a position with substantially the same duties in a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the Department of Defense or the Coast Guard, respectively, shall be set at the rate for the lowest step of the General Schedule grade in which pay is being set, for which the rate of basic pay is equal to or greater than the employee's rate of basic pay under the nonappropriated

fund instrumentality immediately before the move.

- (c) Unless an employee is entitled to receive a higher rate of basic pay under paragraph (b) of this section, the initial rate of basic pay of an employee who is moved involuntarily, without a break in service of more than 3 days, from a position under a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the Department of Defense or the Coast Guard to a position in the civil service employment system of the Department of Defense or the Coast Guard, respectively, may be set—
- (1) At any rate within the grade of the General Schedule position that does not exceed the highest previous rate of basic pay received by the employee during his or her service in a nonappropriated fund instrumentality, as described in 5 U.S.C. 2105(c);
- (2) Under the maximum payable rate rules in §531.203(c) of this part; or
- (3) Under the authority to grant pay retention in \$536.104(c) of this part.

[57 FR 12404, Apr. 10, 1992]

Subpart C—Special Pay Adjustments for Law Enforcement Officers

Source: 57 FR 2432, Jan. 22, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§531.301 Definitions.

In this subpart:

Law enforcement officer means a law enforcement officer as defined in §550.103 of this part with respect to whom the provisions of chapter 51 of title 5, United States Code, apply, including members of the Senior Executive Service.

Official duty station means the duty station for an employee's position of record as indicated on his or her most recent notification of personnel action, excluding a new duty station for an assignment that is followed immediately (i.e., within 3 workdays) by a reduction in force resulting in the employee's separation before he or she is required to report for duty at the new location. For an employee who is authorized to receive relocation allowances under 5 U.S.C. 5737 in connection with an extended assignment, the temporary duty